



**Tribhuvan University**  
**Faculty of Humanities & Social Sciences**  
**OFFICE OF THE DEAN**  
**2018**

**Bachelor in Computer Applications**  
**Course Title: Mathematics II**  
**Code No: CAMT 154**  
**Semester: II**

**Full Marks: 60**  
**Pass Marks: 24**  
**Time: 3 hours**

**Centre:**

**Symbol No:**

*Candidates are required to answer the questions in their own words as far as possible.*

**Group A**

**Attempt all the questions.**

**[10×1 = 10]**

**Circle (O) the correct answer.**

1. For all rational values of n,  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x^n - a^n}{x - a}$  is equal to  
a)  $na^{n-1}$                       b)  $\frac{a^{n+1}}{n+1}$                       c)  $na^{n+1}$                       d)  $na^{n+2}$
2. If  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} -f(x) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} +f(x)$  then f(x) is said to be  
a) Removable discontinuity                      b) An ordinary discontinuity  
c) Infinite discontinuity                      d) Finite discontinuity
3. Derivative of  $\tan^{-1}x$  is equal to  
a)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{-x^2}}$                       b)  $\frac{-1}{1+x^2}$                       c)  $\frac{1}{1+x^2}$                       d)  $\frac{-1}{x\sqrt{1^2-1}}$
4. The value of  $\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x}$  is equal to,  
a)  $e^x$                       b) 1                      c) 0                      d) -1
5. The differential equation:  $\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^2 + 5\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2 + 2y = 0$  is known as  
a) Second degree second order                      b) Second degree first order  
c) First degree second order                      d) First order second degree
6. One important condition to satisfy Rolle's Theorem by a function f(x) in [a, b] is  
a)  $f(a) > f(b)$                       b)  $f(a) < f(b)$                       c)  $f(a) = f(b)$                       d)  $f(a) = f(b) \neq 0$
7. Formula for the composite trapezoidal rule is  
a)  $\frac{h}{2}[(y_0 + y_n) + 2(y_1 + y_2 + y_3 + \dots + y_{n-1})]$   
b)  $\frac{h}{2}[(y_0 + y_n) + 4(y_1 + y_2 + \dots + y_{n-1})]$   
c)  $\frac{h}{3}[(y_0 + y_n) + 3(y_1 + y_2 + \dots + y_{n-1})]$





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**Group B**

Attempt any SIX questions.

[6×5 = 30]

11. If a function  $f(x)$  is defined as:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^2 + 2 & \text{if } x < 1 \\ 2x + 3 & \text{if } x > 1 \\ 4 & \text{if } x = 1 \end{cases}$$

Discuss the continuity of function at  $x = 1$ .

12. Find the derivative of  $\sin 3x$  by using definition.  
13. Using L-Hospital's rule evaluate:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^2 + 3x}{1 + 5x^2}$$

14. If demand function and cost function are given by  
 $P(Q) = 1 - 3Q$  and  
 $C(Q) = Q^2 - 2Q$  respectively, Where  $Q$  is the quality (number) of the product then find output of the factor for the maximum profit.

15. Evaluate: a)  $\int \frac{dx}{1 - \sin x}$       b)  $\int_0^1 (x^2 + 5) dx$

16. Solve:  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{xy + y}{xy + x}$

17. Examine the consistency of the system of equation and solve if possible.

$$x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 1$$

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + 3x_3 = 3$$

$$x_1 - 3x_2 + 3x_3 = 2$$

**Group-C**

Attempt any two questions

[2×10=20]

18. Define Homogeneous equation and solve the following system of equations using Inverse Matrix Method.

$$-2x + 2y + z = -4$$

$$-8x + 7y - 4z = -47$$

$$9x - 8y + 5z = 55$$

19. State Rolle's Theorem and interpret it geometrically. Verify Rolle's theorem for  $f(x) = x^2 - 4$  in  $-3 \leq x \leq 3$
20. Using Composite Trapezoidal Rule, compute  $\int_0^2 (2x^2 - 1) dx$  with four intervals. Find the absolute error of approximation from its actual value.

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